

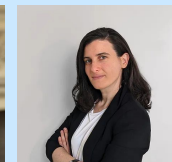
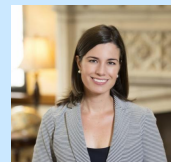
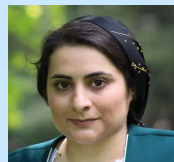


ACM FACCT
AΘHNA 2025

Legacy Procurement Practices Shape How U.S. Cities Govern AI

Understanding Government Employees' Practices, Challenges, and Needs

**Nari Johnson, Elise Silva, Harrison Leon,
Motahhare Eslami, Beth Schwanke, Ravit Dotan, Hoda Heidari**



June 2025

Local governments are increasingly adopting AI systems that impact residents' rights and safety.

**MACHINE BIAS:
COMPAS IS BIASED
AGAINST BLACK
AMERICANS**

2016, Broward County, FL

Acquired from Northpointe
for \$[UNDISCLOSED]

**FACIAL
RECOGNITION LED
TO WRONGFUL
ARRESTS**

2023, City of Detroit

Acquired from DataWorks for
\$1,045,843 [1]

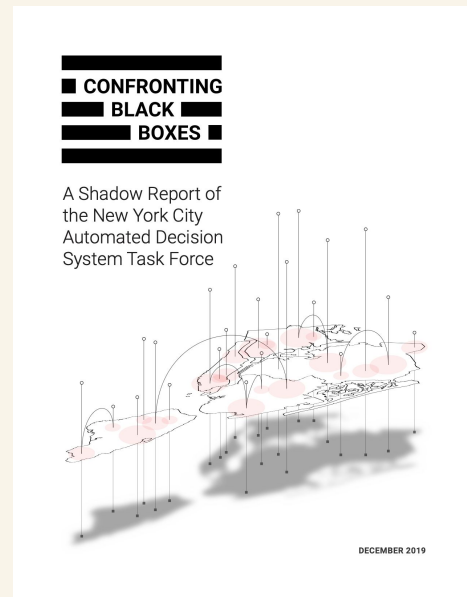
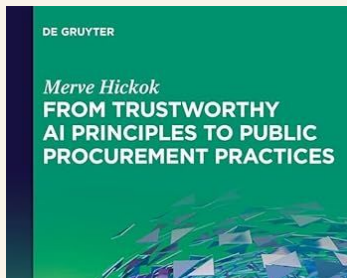
**LAPD PREDICTIVE
POLICING TOOL
RAISES RACIAL BIAS
CONCERNS**

2019, City of Los Angeles

Acquired from PredPol for
\$50,000 [2]

Procured from private vendors

Past efforts have imagined how AI procurement might be *reformed*...

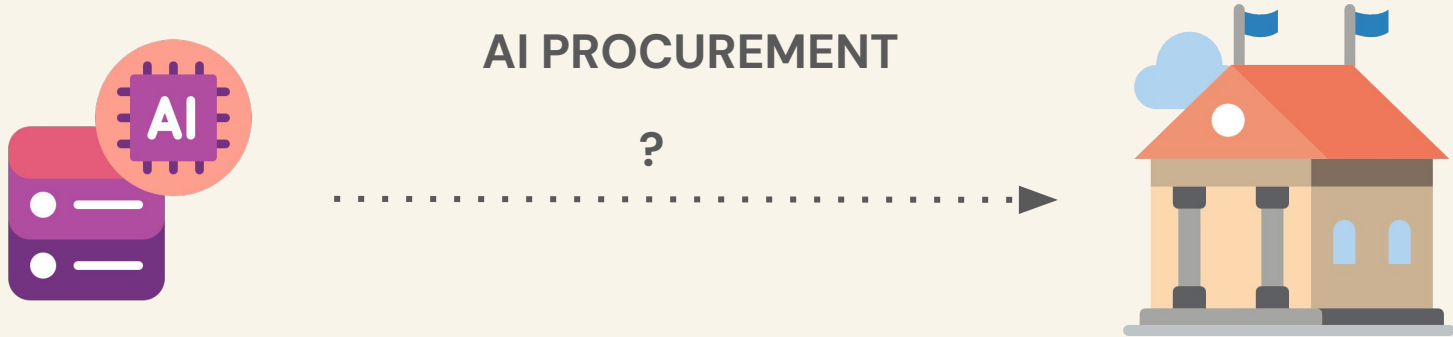


A Guiding Framework for Vetting Technology Vendors Operating in the Public Sector

Ford
Foundation

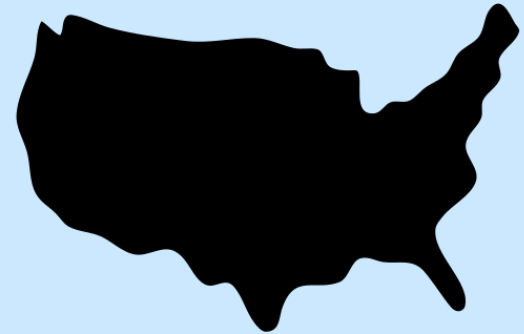
Past efforts have imagined how AI procurement might be *reformed*...

... but we lack an understanding of how AI procurement occurs, *in practice*.



Our Work: Empirical interview study to understand US local governments' current AI procurement practices, and challenges employees have faced during real acquisitions

19 employees
7 US cities



Semi-Structured Interviews

PART 1: PRACTICES

Can you walk us through how a typical AI procurement would occur in your city?

PART 2: CHALLENGES

What do you believe are the main challenges or "pain points" when navigating the AI procurement process?

Select Findings

1. **Canonical procurement** (called solicitation)
How it looks like in practice
2. **Responsible AI in a canonical procurement**
How practitioners build responsibility into solicitation
3. **Canonical procurement is infrequent in practice**
Many AI acquisitions occur using alternative purchasing pathways

Finding: Governments follow established processes to make purchasing decisions

Need
identified



Solicitation

Governments initiate a competitive proposal process and invite vendors to apply.

Review & Award

Governments evaluate vendors using score sheets, demos.



Contracting

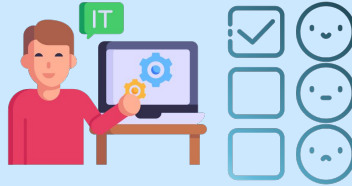
Vendors and governments negotiate a contract.

Finding: Some local governments are *beginning* to incorporate responsible AI considerations into procurement



Solicitation

Require vendors to report information about AI systems



Review & Award

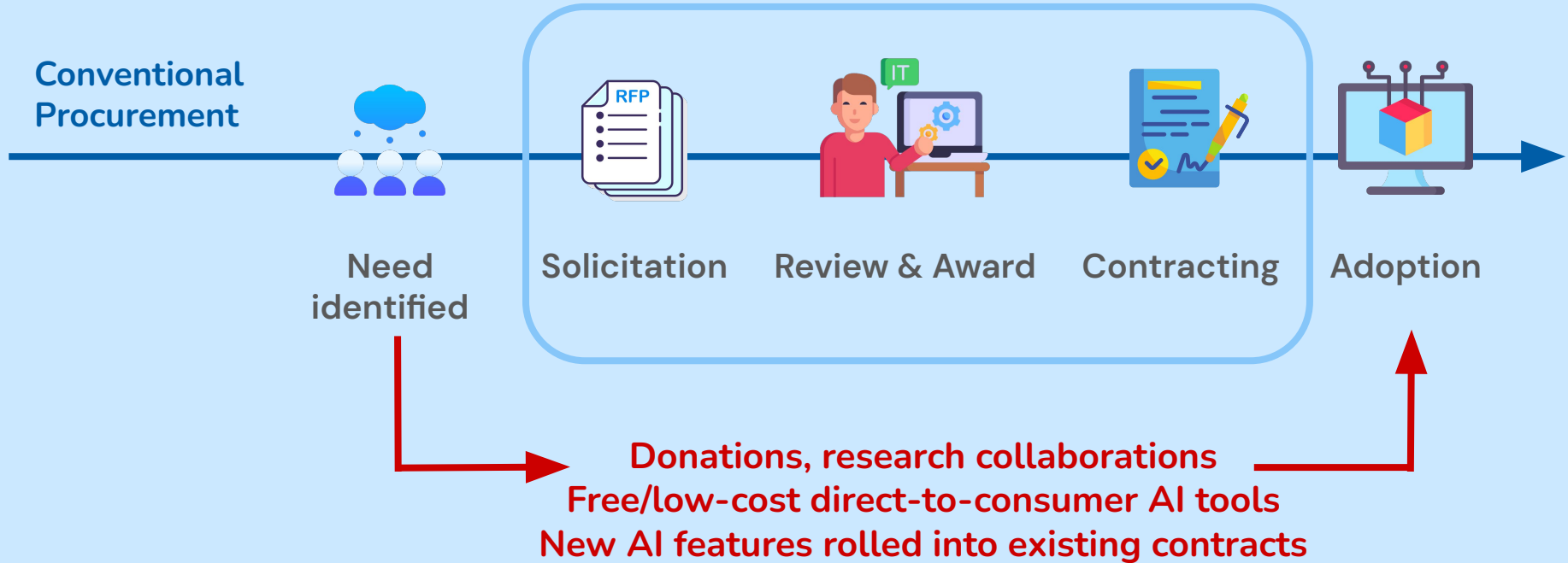
Take societal impacts into account when making purchasing decisions



Contracting

Negotiate so that AI vendors share responsibility for mitigating negative impacts

Finding: Many AI acquisitions occur through alternative purchasing pathways, posing challenges for governance



Our work highlights the need for
further empirical research on how
procurement shapes AI

Interventions must take
practices into account



Opportunities for future work



Information asymmetry
& (un)preparedness



Need for education,
support, collaboration



Cities lack leverage in
their relationships with
AI vendors



Need for interventions that
address uncooperative
behaviors



Sharing (and assuming)
responsibilities of AI
governance



Need for research to
support cities in
governance activities

Policy Impact & Translation

Policy work

White paper for governments



MOTIVATION > METHODS > FINDINGS: PRACTICES > FINDINGS: CHALLENGES >

IMPLICATIONS

Legacy Procurement Practices Shape How U.S. Cities Govern AI: Understanding Government Employees' Practices, Challenges, and Needs

PAPER WEBSITE:



Legacy purchasing practices that differ across cities shape how AI is governed.

We outline three key challenges that still remain to be addressed by cities' AI procurement practices.

Follow-up research projects:

- Vendor transparency & disclosures
- Cooperative contracting

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